# **OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL**

Translation of the original instructions in Italian

# GAS RANGES LADY 900



1001

UM500001 - 10/2015

## Dear Customer,

thank you for choosing us. We are certain that this appliance will satisfy your needs and live up to your expectations.

We kindly ask you to read this Use and Maintenance Manual carefully in order to be able to use the appliance to its full potential. For any further information regarding use and maintenance, please do not hesitate to contact us. We will be delighted to answer any questions you may have.

## Introduction

## Warning on the ownership of information

- In order to foster its policy of continual development and updating of the product, the Manufacturer reserves the right to make any modifications necessary to improve its basic features without having to give notice and without being under any obligation to do so. If the modifications do not change any safety aspects, the Manufacturer is not obliged to give notice of them in this document attached to the appliance.
- The Manufacturer also reserves ownership of this document and strictly forbids its reproduction or disclosure to third parties without prior authorization.
- Any illustrations or drawings in this document are merely simplified representations of the appliance; on the basis of any improvements and modifications made, they may not correspond to the actual appliance.

## Updating procedure

- Updating and/or drafting of a new version of the above-mentioned document will only be carried out if the functional or safety aspects of the appliance are modified.

# **Original version**

- This document was originally issued in Italian. In the event of any controversy arising due to the translation of the same, even if carried out by the Manufacturer, the reference text will be the Italian version alone.

- Reproduction of this document, either in total or in part, is forbidden without prior written consent by the Manufacturer, who reserves the right to modify it without any obligation to give notice, unless this represents a safety risk.

- Drafted by: VEGA srl

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# 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

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# 1-1 Purpose and description of the manual

This manual is an integral part of the appliance and aims to provide all the information necessary to:

- make operators fully aware of any safety issues;
- guarantee correct installation;
- ensure full understanding of its operating principles and correct, safe use;
- carry out any maintenance correctly and safely;
- dispose of the appliance safely and in compliance with applicable legislation concerning health and safety and environmental protection.

Correct operation of the appliance is guaranteed only if these regulations are complied with.

The Manufacturer declines any responsibility for: damage resulting from poor maintenance, incorrect use, tampering with or any use which does not comply with the terms and conditions indicated in this manual. The Manufacturer reserves the right to modify any drawings, texts and technical specifications without prior notice or responsibility and without any obligation to update this manual each time.

In the event of problems in understanding this manual, please contact the Manufacturer.

This manual is divided into the following sections:

- Section **1** contains information regarding consultation of this manual and the data necessary to correctly identify the manufacturer and appliance.
- Section **2** contains general information, essential for knowing all about the appliance and its main parts, its permitted uses, its technical specifications, etc.
- Section 3 is dedicated to user safety.
- Section 4 addresses the user and contains instructions for correct use of the appliance.
- Section **5** contains information about maintenance, describing operations the user needs to carry out and those which must be carried out by a fitter or authorized technician. It also contains a chapter dedicated to troubleshooting, identifying the cause of problems and possible solutions.
- Section 6 is intended for qualified fitters and concerns correct installation of the appliance.
- Section 7, if present, contains tables and annexes.

### 1.1.1 Symbol used

During machine use, it is possible to face situations for which special considerations and adequate close examinations are needed.

The following "graphic safety symbols" are used in this manual. They aim to highlight risks or important information:



Draws attention to actions which, if not correctly carried out, may cause serious injury or death or may be a health risk for people and the environment.

# 

Draws attention to operations, procedures or actions which, if not carefully carried out, may cause serious damage to the appliance or product.

# 

Draws attention to technical information or practical recommendations that ensure efficient and economical use of the appliance. Failure to comply with this information may void the warranty.

### 1.1.2 Abbreviations used

Ref.	Description
Ann.	Annex
Chap.	Chapter
Fig.	Figure
Max.	Maximum
Min.	Minimum
Mod.	Model
Page	Page
Par.	Sub-section
Ref.	Reference
Tab.	Table
U.m.	Units of measurement

Tab. 1 Abbreviations used

# 1-2 Correct manual storage

This manual must be handled with care and clean hands and it should never be placed on dirty surfaces. It should be stored in a cool, dry place.

No part of the manual should be removed, torn out or arbitrarily changed.



This manual is an integral part of the appliance and must be kept until final disposal of the same.

# 1-3 Identification data

Check that the instruction manual corresponds to the appliance being referred to.

In the event of any request for information or technical assistance, it will be necessary to specify the model and type of appliance, as well as its serial number.

## 1.3.1 Appliance type and model

The appliance type and model are indicated on the identification plate.

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### 1.3.3 Identification plate

The identification plate shown is applied directly to the appliance. It includes all appliance and manufacturer identification data and the CE mark of conformity.

1001								
( )	CAT.		G2.350	G20	G30	G31	G110	
Тіро/Туре		Pmbar						
		m3/h						
Mod:		Kg/h						
Nr:		Pmbar						
NI		m3/h						
		Kg/h						
E QnkW		Pmbar						
m3/h		m3/h						
kg/h		Kg/h						

Fig. 1 Identification plate



Fig. 2 Plate position

### 1.3.4 Identification plates of the main components

The plates of all the commercial components not produced by the Manufacturer are applied directly to the relevant components, where their respective manufacturers originally placed them.

### 1.3.5 CE marking of conformity

The CE mark applied on the identification p late c onfirms that the ap pliance complies with the safety requirements specified in the following directives:

Directive 2009/142/UE (GAD Gas directive)

Directive2014/35/UE (Low voltage)

Directive 2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic Compatibility)

Regulation 2004/1935/EG (Materials in contact with food)

# 1-4 Requests for assistance

- As stated in the sales terms and conditions, the appliance is covered by a warranty. If during the validity period of the same any faults or breakages covered by the warranty should occur, the Manufacturer will repair or replace faulty parts after carrying out the necessary checks.
- Any modifications carried out by the user without express written authorization by the Manufacturer shall void the warranty and relieve the Manufacturer of any responsibility for damage caused by the faulty appliance. This also applies when non-original spare parts are used.
- For all of the above reasons, in the event of an emergency, we recommend contacting the Manufacturer's Technical Assistance Department directly.



For any type of service request it is necessary to specify the data on the identification plate and the type of fault.

# 2 TECHNICAL INFORMATION

# 2-1 General description of the appliance

### 2.1.1 Permitted use

The appliance has been designed and manufactured for the professional catering sector.

The appliance function is to cook food using the hob top burners or the oven.

In order to use the appliance safely, it is essential to install it according to the laws, regulations and specifications applicable in the country where the appliance is to be installed.

### 2.1.2 Improper use

Improper use means any use of the appliance following criteria that do not comply with the instructions in this manual and that, as a result, may endanger safety.

The Manufacturer shall not be held responsible for any damage caused by improper use of the appliance.

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Do not use the appliance other than for the use intended by the Manufacturer. Improper use is forbidden.

# 

Do not tamper with the seals applied by the fitter to the gas supply system.

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### 2.1.3 Main appliance parts

The picture and descriptions show the appliance fitted with all possible accessories. Depending on the model chosen, your appliance may be different.

A. Hob top

- B. Oven (gas or electric)
- C. Adjustable feet
- D. Control panel
- E. Neutral compartment
- F. Fume extraction grille



Fig. 3 Main appliance parts

## 2.1.4 Structural features

The main structure of the appliance is made in stainless steel 18/10 and stands on four height-adjustable feet.

The structural features of the main elements that make up the appliance are described below: Hob top:

- One-piece pressed stainless steel 18/10 (AISI 304) hob top with large spillover trays.
- Easy-clean, rounded surfaces.
- Safety valves with thermocouple ensuring immediate cut-off of the gas flow in the event of anomalies or accidental turning off of a burner.
- Cool-grip knobs.

Gas oven:

- Gloss black enamelled pressed sheet metal or steel 430 cooking chamber.
- Stainless steel tubular burner with self-stabilizing flame.
- Piezoelectric pilot flame ignition.
- Adjustable temperature setting.
- Safety valve with thermocouple ensuring immediate cut-off of the gas flow in the event of anomalies or accidental turning off of a burner.
- Internal shelf support structure.
- Cool-grip knobs.

Electric oven:

- Two independent heating elements (above and below) controlled using a single thermostat.
- Adjustable temperature setting.
- Safety thermostat to prevent any overheating.
- Cool-grip knobs with waterproof gaskets.
- Internal shelf support structure.

### 2.1.5 Accessories supplied

The following accessories are supplied with the appliance:

- Pan reduction rings.
- Oven shelf.

# **3** SAFETY INFORMATION

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# 3-1 Safety

- Use the appliance only for the purposes intended by the Manufacturer.
- Improper use of the appliance may result in a risk to the health and safety of people, as well as economic damage.
- As the appliance is used to prepare food for human consumption, special attention should be paid to everything related to hygiene and to keeping the appliance and surrounding area clean at all times.
- The appliance must be used by personnel trained on the appliance characteristics and functioning. Please refer to this manual. In case of more than one operator, consider handing out a copy of this manual to each one of them.
- Any maintenance operations requiring technical know-how or specific skills must be carried out exclusively by qualified personnel, properly trained in the specific field.
- To maintain hygiene and protect food from contamination, clean elements that come into direct or indirect contact with food and the surrounding areas thoroughly. Carry out these operations using only detergent products for food use and do not use flammable materials or materials containing substances that are harmful to people's health.
- In the event of long periods of inactivity, besides disconnecting all the power supplies, clean all internal and external parts of the appliance and the surrounding area thoroughly.

# 3.1.1 Safe use of the appliance

Since this appliance has been designed exclusively for professional use, it must only be used by qualified personnel.

- Never leave the appliance unsupervised when it is on.
- Do not leave any flammable objects, such as paper, plastic, rags, polystyrene, etc., near the appliance when it is on as they may start a fire.
- Keep the work area clean: do not leave any objects lying around the room as they might make it unsafe for personnel to move around.
- Do not obstruct air intake or heat extraction openings.
- Do not tamper with the seals applied by the fitter to the gas supply system.



It is strictly forbidden to modify or carry out any type of intervention on the appliance, except those related to routine maintenance.

Any modification not explicitly approved by the Manufacturer will automatically void the warranty and the appliance conformity to the directives.

# 3.1.2 Safety instructions in the event of malfunctioning

In an emergency:

- Turn the gas supply off.
- Contact the Manufacturer's Customer Care Service or a specialized technician.



Turn off the appliance if any faults or malfunctioning occur.

# 3.1.3 Appliance disposal

The appliance has been manufactured using recyclable raw materials and does not contain any harmful or toxic substances.

All materials must be disposed of in compliance with the regulations applicable in the country of use of the appliance.

Always comply with environmental protection regulations.

Safety information

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# 4 INFORMATION FOR CORRECT USE

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# 4-1 First use

Clean the appliance thoroughly when using it for the first time.

Remove all packaging and clean the appliance using hot water and a sponge. Stainless steel parts must be cleaned with a non-abrasive detergent specifically designed for cleaning such surfaces. (see par. *Useful tips for stainless steel care* on page 30).

After cleaning the appliance, rinse thoroughly with clean water and dry with a cloth.

Do not use water jets to clean the appliance.

# 4-2 Complete map of the controls

The pictures show the control panel configuration with all available accessories.

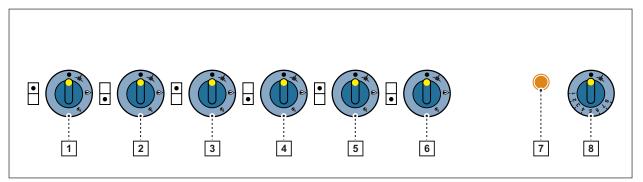


Fig. 4 Stove control panel with gas oven mod. Lady 900

- 1. Hob top burner adjustment knob
- 2. Hob top burner adjustment knob
- 3. Hob top burner adjustment knob
- 4. Hob top burner adjustment knob
- 5. Hob top burner adjustment knob
- 6. Hob top burner adjustment knob
- 7. Oven ignition switch
- 8. Oven cooking temperature adjustment knob

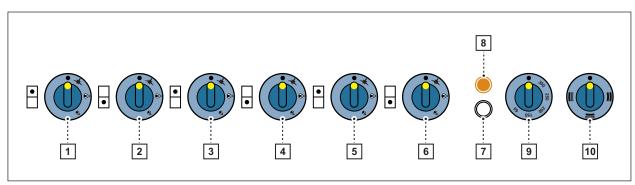


Fig. 5 Electric oven range control panel mod. Lady 900

- 1. Hob top burner adjustment knob
- 2. Hob top burner adjustment knob
- 3. Hob top burner adjustment knob
- 4. Hob top burner adjustment knob
- 5. Hob top burner adjustment knob
- 6. Hob top burner adjustment knob
- 7. "Oven ON" warning light
- 8. "Oven start up" warning light
- 9. Oven cooking temperature adjustment knob
- 10. Oven cooking mode selection knob

# 4-3 Turning the hob top on/off

Burners are controlled by valve taps with a built-in safety valve. The indication on which knob to use to turn the various burners on, is provided by the symbols on the control panel alongside the knobs.

## 4.3.1 Pilot flame ignition

To turn on a particular burner, press down the relative knob and turn it anticlockwise from the (OFF) position to the (Pilot) + position.

Wait for a few seconds to allow the air in the gas tube to be expelled, then place a small flame next to the head of the pilot burner concerned or if present, press the electronic ignition switch on the right of the control panel. After igniting the pilot flame, hold the knob down for about 10 seconds in order to allow the safety thermocouple to heat up sufficiently, then release it.

If, after releasing the knob, the pilot flame should go out, repeat the operation.

### 4.3.2 Burner ignition

Turn the knob to the (Max)  $\Delta$  position; for a lower flame, turn the knob to the (Min)  $\Delta$  position.

## 4.3.3 Burner turning off

To turn the burner off, turn the knob to the (Pilot)  $\star$  position; to turn the pilot flame off too, turn the knob to the position  $\bullet$  position.

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# 4-4 Turning the hob top on/off

Burners are controlled by valve taps with a built-in safety valve. The indication on which knob to use to turn the various burners on, is provided by the symbols on the control panel alongside the knobs.

## 4.4.1 Burner ignition

Turn the knob to the (Max)  $\triangle$  position; for a lower flame, turn the knob to the (Min)  $\triangle$  position.

## 4.4.2 Burner turning off

To turn the burner off, turn the knob to the (Pilot) • position.

# 4-5 Turning the gas oven on/off

### 4.5.1 Pilot burner ignition

- Press the knob down and turn it anticlockwise from the (OFF) position to the (Pilot)  $\bigstar$  position;
- Keeping the knob pressed down, press the ignition switch on the right of the control panel;
- After turning on the pilot flame, wait about 10 seconds in order to allow the safety thermocouple to heat up sufficiently.

# IMPORTANT

If, due to any kind of failure, the ignition switch A does not spark, it is possible to light the appliance manually. Remove the lower oven plate and keeping the knob pressed down, place a small flame alongside the oven pilot burner.

### 4.5.2 Oven temperature adjustment

- Turn the knob to the desired temperature (see Tab. 2 Oven chamber temperature data).

Knob position	Temperature
*	Pilot operation*
1	95°C
2	115°C
3	135°C
4	155°C
5	190°C
6	220°C
7	250°C
8	275°C

Tab. 2 Oven chamber temperature data

(\*) In this position, gas only reaches the pilot burner.

# 4.5.3 Burner turning off

- Press the knob down and turn it clockwise from the (Pilot) 🔺 position to the position position.
- The shutter valves close off the gas flow to the main burner and the pilot burner.

# 4-6 Turning the electric oven on/off

### 4.6.1 Oven ignition

- Select the heating mode (top, bottom, top and bottom) using the knob.
- Set the cooking temperature by turning the knob clockwise.
- The white warning light ("oven start up") comes on.
- The orange warning light ("oven on") comes on.
- The oven heating elements start working. When the cooking chamber reaches the set temperature, the orange warning light goes off. During cooking, the light may come on again several times in order to keep the temperature stable.

Knob position	Temperature	
•	OFF	
1	50° (min)	
2	85°	
3	120°	
4	155°	
5	190°	
6	225°	
7	260°	
8	300° (max)	

Tab. 3 Cooking temperature

Knob position	Mode		
•	OFF		
))	Bottom		
	Тор		
((	Top and Bottom		

Tab. 4 Cooking procedure

### 4.6.2 Pre-heating

Pre-heating the oven will ensure optimal cooking. To do so, make sure the door is closed and set the temperature to about 50°C more than the desired temperature (this way, lowering of the temperature when the door is opened will be less significant).

### 4.6.3 First turning on

The presence of unpleasant smells when the oven is first turned on is to be considered normal and is due to the overheating of insulating materials and residues of oils used to work the metal. For this reason, it is advisable to turn the oven on for the first time while empty and without food, turning the oven to the maximum temperature until the smell disappears.

### 4.6.4 To turn the oven off

- Move the cooking mode selection knob and the temperature adjustment knob to the (OFF) position.
- The two warning lights go off.

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# 4-7 Recommendations for use

4.7.1 Oven

# IMPORTANT

All cooking must be carried out with the door closed.

# 

Avoid leaving the oven door open longer than necessary as this causes overheating of the cooker hob top knobs, thus compromising their functioning in the long run.

- To open the oven door, grasp the central part of the door handle.
- Always use oven gloves to remove pans from the oven.
- Use containers that are resistant to high temperatures (e.g. metal baking trays, oven-proof pottery, etc.).
- When cooking using oils and fats, ensure that they do not overheat. In fact, these substances may catch fire at high temperatures. For this reason, when you put dishes into the oven or remove them from it, make sure that large quantities of these substances (oil, sauces, melted fat) do not fall onto the oven bottom. If they should, clean it thoroughly before cooking again. This way, it is also possible to avoid unpleasant smoke and smells.

# 4-8 What to do in the event of long periods of inactivity

If the appliance is not to be used for a certain period of time, it is necessary to:

- clean and dry the alliance;
- after cleaning and drying the appliance, protect it with a film of a suitable product (for example, Vaseline oil spray or a similar product);
- close the gas cut-off tap;
- leave the oven door (if present) slightly open to allow air to circulate inside the cooking chamber.

# 5 MAINTENANCE INFORMATION

# 5-1 Maintenance recommendations

Keeping the appliance working to maximum efficiency, also thanks to scheduled maintenance recommended by the Manufacturer, will guarantee optimal performance, a longer lifespan and maintenance of all the safety requirements.

After **each use** or whenever necessary, clean the external parts of the appliance and surrounding area. At least **twice a year**, have an authorized technician check the appliance; **it would be advisable to enter a maintenance contract**.



Before cleaning, turn the appliance off and disconnect the electricity supply (disconnect the power supply cable) and gas supply (turn off the gas tap, fitted upstream of the same); wait for the burners to cool down.

Cleaning must be carried out once the appliance has cooled down.

# 5-2 Ordinary cleaning

Thorough daily cleaning of the appliance after use ensures perfect operation and a long lifespan. Clean using a damp cloth, water and soap or detergents and avoid abrasive or acidic products; these must not be used even to clean the floor near the appliance as the vapours may deposit on and deteriorate the steel. Rinse thoroughly with clean water and dry. Never use direct water jets so as not to cause infiltrations that may be harmful to the appliance.

Description	Products
For washing and cleaning	Room temperature drinking water
For cleaning and drying	A non-abrasive cloth that does not leave any residues
	Detergents containing:
Recommended detergent products	- caustic potash at 5% (max)
	- caustic soda at 5%
	Rinse-aid products containing:
Products for eliminating unpleasant smells	- citric acid
	- acetic acid

Tab. 5 Table of cleaning products

### 5.2.1 Recommendations for cleaning the cooker

The hob top burners are divided into three pieces and are pipe burners with pilot flame. Given their design, positioning errors are not possible when refitting.

We recommend cleaning the following parts frequently:

- Burner gas ring: clean with soapy water or common detergents (non-abrasive) checking that all the holes on the circumference are free. Cleaning of this component guarantees perfect combustion.
- Burner head: clean the burner head with soapy water or common detergents (non-abrasive); always keep the existing hole free from dirt for the burner gas ring phase.
- Burner Venturi pipe: always keep the housing clean, especially at the base of the burner head.

### 5.2.2 Recommendations for cleaning the oven

Use a suitable degreasing spray product (foam-free) to reach even hidden areas.

The oven burner is tubular with a stabilized flame; clean it periodically by eliminating any scaling on the gas outlet holes.

### 5.2.3 Main causes of deterioration or corrosion of stainless steel

This list shows the main causes of deterioration or corrosion of stainless steel.

- Use of abrasive or acid detergents, especially with a chlorinated base, such as hydrochloric acid or sodium hypochlorite (bleach); therefore, before purchasing a detergent product, ensure it does not cause steel corrosion;
- Stagnation of ferrous deposits (such as those produced by the rust present in the water that runs through the pipes, especially after a certain period of inactivity); such stagnation must thus be avoided. Also avoid using iron wool to remove food residues that are hard to eliminate; instead, use scourers or spatulas made of stainless steel or softer materials but, in any case, non-ferrous materials;
- Stagnation of acidic substances, such as vinegar, lemon juice, sauces, salt, etc. Do not allow such substances to stay in contact with the steel parts of the appliance for long periods. The evaporation of saline solutions on the surfaces is particularly harmful for them.

See also par. Useful tips for stainless steel care on page 30.

# 5-3 Useful tips for stainless steel care

Stainless steel is defined as such because it owes its resistance to corrosion to a thin oxide protective film which forms at a molecular level on its surface; it is created by the oxygen absorbed by exposure to the air of the metal itself. It is clear therefore, that anything that prevents the formation of this film and its permanence on the surface, such as foreign materials on it, food or salt residues, etc. reduce the resistance of stainless steel to corrosion.

Its resistance and duration, however, is also directly related to good maintenance during use and in choosing suitable materials and products for such maintenance.

# IMPORTANT

Before using any detergent product for cleaning stainless steel, as well as for the floor underneath or near the appliances, ask your usual detergent supplier about the most suitable product to ensure this product cannot cause corrosion.

**Daily cleaning**: clean the surfaces thoroughly and frequently using a damp cloth. You can also use water and soap or common detergents that do not contain abrasive or coloured substances. Wipe only in the direction of the satin finish. Rinse with plenty of clean water and dry thoroughly.

**Food stains or hardened leftovers**: Wash any food stains using hot water before they harden. If they have already hardened, use water and soap or non-abrasive detergents, using a wooden spatula or soft stainless steel scourer. Rinse with plenty of water and dry well.

Limescale deposits: Limescale on pots, containers, etc. must be removed using descaling agents.

**Scratches on the surfaces**: If scratches or lines are detected on the surfaces, smooth them using very fine stainless steel wool or synthetic fibre abrasive felt pads, wiping in the direction of the satin finish. Rinse well and dry.

**Elimination of possible fading** of the steel caused by food stains or burns or heat stains: Use smooth stainless steel wool or synthetic fibre abrasive felt pads, wiping in the direction of the satin finish. Rinse well and dry. Take care not to scratch the surface.

**Rust**: If rust stains are detected, contact manufacturers of industrial detergents for a product capable of removing the stains. For this purpose, you can also use industrial products for removing limescale. After use and after rinsing with clean water, it may be necessary to use an alkaline detergent to neutralize the acid compounds still on the surface.

#### 

After cleaning the stainless steel, especially the external surfaces of the appliance, and once they are completely dry, protect them with products commonly found on the market.

Besides eliminating marks or rings, they also restore the shine to the steel and prevent the infiltration of humidity and dirt, which cause corrosion.

# 5.3.1 Products that must not be used on stainless steel

- Never use chlorinated products, for example bleach, hydrochloric acid or any other solutions deriving from the same. These products quickly attack stainless steel, causing irreversible corrosion.
- To clean the floors underneath and near the appliances, never use the products mentioned above, since vapours or drops that may fall on the steel produce similar corrosive effects to those described above.
- Never use iron scouring pads or leave them on the surfaces, since small deposits may remain on it and lead to the formation of rust; use a soft stainless steel wool or synthetic fibre abrasive felt pads, always wiping in the direction of the satin finish and taking care not to scratch the surfaces, then rinse and dry.







Fig. 8 Acidic substances

#### Fig. 6 Steel scouring pad

Fig. 7 Abrasive sponge

### 5.3.2 Some useful tips

- The pipes that supply water for use in pots, sinks, kitchens, washing machines, etc. inevitably surrender some rust, especially when taps are turned on after a period of inactivity or in case of new systems. Take care to prevent these oxides or ferrous deposits from coming into contact with the stainless steel for a long period of time, since they produce corrosion. It is always advisable to use galvanized pipes and to let the water run until it is perfectly clean.
- Avoid letting saline solutions evaporate, dry or stay in contact with stainless steel surfaces. For pots, never use coarse kitchen salt, which stays on the bottom and due to its weight cannot circulate and dissolve completely; this undissolved salt can cause corrosion. Therefore, it is advisable to crush it and add it to the pots when the water is boiling; if this is not possible and the salt is coarse, dissolve it in a separate container first. Avoid putting salt in pots of cold water or without water.
- When pots, washing machine compartments, bain-marie recipients, sinks, etc. are not used, they should preferably remain uncovered in order to keep the passivation film protecting the stainless steel stable and prevent it from coming into contact with possible aggressive agents.

# 5-4 Troubleshooting

Prior to start-up, the appliance has been tested by **qualified personnel**. The information contained in the following table is intended to help find and fix possible failures and faults that may occur during use. Some of these problems can be solved by the user, whilst all others **require specific technical know-how and skills and must therefore be solved by qualified and expert personnel**.

Problem	Likely cause	What should the user do	What should authorized personnel do
	Load loss in the main gas pipe	Contact the gas supply company.	-
The pilot flame does not come on	Pilot hole obstructed	Contact a qualified technician.	Clean the pilot hole.
	Gas tap damaged	Contact a qualified technician.	Replace the tap.
After releasing the knob,	The tap knob has not been pressed enough to allow for thermocouple heating	Repeat the ignition procedure for longer.	-
the pilot flame goes out	Thermocouple damaged	Contact a qualified technician.	Replace the thermocouple.
	Gas tap damaged	Contact a qualified technician.	Replace the tap.
	Load loss in the gas pipe	Contact the gas supply company.	-
The pilot stays on, but	Nozzle obstructed	Contact a qualified technician.	Clean the burner nozzle.
the burner cannot be turned on	Gas tap damaged	Contact a qualified technician.	Replace the tap.
	Burner gas ring holes are obstructed	Contact a qualified technician.	Clean the burner gas ring.
Smell of gas	Leak from the gas piping	Contact a qualified technician.	Check sealing.
Irregular combustion (yellow or red flame)	Burner dirty or clogged	Contact a qualified technician.	Clean the burner.

Tab. 6 Problems associated with gas

5

Problem	Likely cause	What should the user do	What should authorized personnel do
A temperature is set but the oven cannot be turned on	Safety thermostat activated	Contact a qualified technician.	Reset the thermostat.
Cooking is not even (considerable difference	Different product size or thickness	For even cooking, distribute the product evenly on each baking tray. For solid food, the size, weight or thickness must be as even as possible.	_
in colour)	Shelves are not horizontal	Contact a qualified technician.	Level the appliance using the adjustable feet and checking that the shelves are horizontal; this is crucial for even cooking.

Tab. 7 Problems associated with gas oven

Problem	Likely cause	What should the user do	What should authorized personnel do
	Insufficient voltage	Contact a qualified technician.	Check the electrical system and if it complies with appliance requirements.
The electronic ignition does not work	Wrong electrical connection	Contact a qualified technician.	Check the electrical system and if it complies with appliance requirements.
	Faulty electronic ignition	Replace the electronic ignition	-

Tab. 8 Problems associated with electronic ignition

Problem	Likely cause	What should the user do	What should authorized personnel do
The heating elements do not heat	Fuses have tripped	Check that the fuses of the electrical system have not tripped. If the fuses trip repeatedly, contact an electrician.	-
	Adjustment thermostat is faulty	Contact a qualified technician.	Reset the thermostat.
A temperature is set but the oven cannot be turned on	Insufficient voltage	Contact a qualified technician.	Check the electrical system and if it complies with appliance requirements.
	One or more faulty heating elements	Contact a qualified technician.	Replace the heating elements.
The even does not	The appliance is off	Check that the appliance is on.	-
The oven does not come on	The temperature has not been adjusted using the knob	Turn the knob and select the cooking temperature.	-
	Wrong selector position	Place the selector in such a way that it produces heat from the lower part and from the upper part according to the type of cooking required.	-
	One of the two heating elements is faulty	Contact a qualified technician.	Replace the heating element.
Cooking is not even (considerable difference in colour)	Different product size or thickness	For even cooking, distribute the product evenly on each baking tray. For solid food, the size, weight or thickness must be as even as possible.	-
	Shelves are not horizontal	Contact a qualified technician.	Level the appliance using the adjustable feet and checking that the shelves are horizontal; this is crucial for even cooking.

Tab. 9 Problems associated with the electrical system



# 6 INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUALIFIED FITTERS

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# 6-1 General information

The system and installation of the appliance must comply with existing UNI-CIG 8723 regulations and Italian Ministerial Decree dated 12 April 1996.

Appliance installation and maintenance **must be carried out by qualified and authorized personnel**, who must comply with the safety regulations applicable in the country where the appliance is to be installed.

# 6-2 Storage

If the appliance is stored in a warehouse at temperatures below 0°C, bring it to a temperature of at least +10°C before use.

# 6-3 Packaging

The appliance is usually packaged and shipped with all parts already assembled; therefore, when delivered, assembly is not necessary. The stainless steel parts and all framework panels are protected by an adhesive, scratch-resistant film.

The appliance is packaged inside a special wooden frame and placed on a pallet.

The packed appliance must be handled with care and kept in the correct position, according to the symbols present on the packaging.

During unpacking, ensure the appliance is in order and has all its components. When removing the scratch-resistant film, take care not to leave pieces of adhesive film on the panels.

It is advisable not to remove the packaging until the appliance is to be used so as to guarantee preservation of the same.

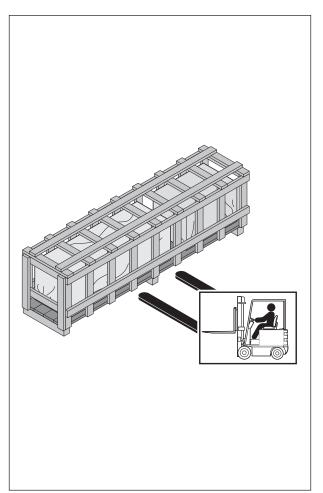


Fig. 9 Packaging



Do not use cutters or any other sharp tools when unpacking. They may scratch the appliance surfaces irreparably.



Packaging materials must be disposed of in compliance with the regulations applicable in the country where the appliance is to be installed. The various types of material must be separated and taken to special collection centres.

Always comply with environmental protection regulations.

#### 6-4 Technical data

#### 6.4.1 Composition and power of the appliance

Model	Description	Dimensions (mm)	Power (kW)	
L9/CUG2BB.1P1M			9	
L9/CUG2BB.1M1G	2 burner counter top range	400x900x270	12.9	
L9/CUG2BB.2G	2 burner counter top range	400x900x270	14.8	
L9/CUG4BB.2P1M1G	4 burner counter top range	800x900x270	19,9	
L9/CUG4BB.1P1M2G	4 burner counter top range	800x900x270	23,8	
L9/CUG4BB.4G	4 burner counter top range	800x900x270	29,6	
L9/CUG6BB.3P1M2G	6 burner counter top range	1200x900x270	30.8	
L9/CUG6BB.1P2M3G	6 burner counter top range	1200x900x270	36.7	
L9/CUG6BB.6G	6 burner counter top range	1200x900x270	44,4	
L9/CUG8BB.3P3M2G	8 burner counter top range	1600x900x270	41,8	
L9/CUG8BB.2P2M4G	8 burner counter top range	1600x900x270	47.6	
L9/CUG8BB.8G	8 burner counter top range	1600x900x270	59.2	
L9/CUG2BA.1P1M	2 burners on open cabinet range	400x900x850	9	
L9/CUG2BA.1M1G	2 burners on open cabinet range	400x900x850	12.9	
L9/CUG2BA.2G	2 burners on open cabinet range	400x900x850	14.8	
L9/CUG4BA.2P1M1G	4 burners on open cabinet range	800x900x850	19,9	
L9/CUG4BA.1P1M2G	4 burners on open cabinet range	800x900x850	23,8	
L9/CUG4BA.4G	4 burners on open cabinet range	800x900x850	29,6	
L9/CUG6BA.3P1M2G	6 burners on open cabinet range	1200x900x850	30.8	
L9/CUG6BA.1P2M3G	6 burners on open cabinet range	1200x900x850	36.7	
L9/CUG6BA.6G	6 burners on open cabinet range	1200x900x850	44,4	
L9/CUG8BA.3P3M2G	8 burners on open cabinet range	1600x900x850	41,8	
L9/CUG8BA.2P2M4G	8 burners on open cabinet range	1600x900x850	47,6	
L9/CUG8BA.8G	8 burners on open cabinet range	1600x900x850	59.2	
L9/CUG4LO.2P1M1G	4 burner range with gas oven	800x900x850	27,8	
L9/CUG4L0.1P1M2G	4 burner range with gas oven	800x900x850	31.7	
L9/CUG4L0.4G	4 burner range with gas oven	800x900x850	37.5	
L9/CUG4LE.2P1M1G	4 burner range with electric oven	800x900x850	19,9 + 5,48 3NAc400V	
L9/CUG4LE.1P1M2G	4 burner range with electric oven	800x900x850	23,8 + 5,48 3NAc400V	
L9/CUG4LE.4G	4 burner range with electric oven	800x900x850	29,6 + 5,48 3NAc400V	
L9/CUG6LN.3P1M2G	6 burner range with gas oven	1200x900x850	39,4	
L9/CUG6LN.1P2M3G	6 burner range with gas oven	1200x900x850	45.3	
L9/CUG6LN.6G	6 burner range with gas oven	1200x900x850	53	
L9/CUG6LE.3P1M2G	6 burner range with electric oven	1200x900x850	30,8 + 5,48 3NAc400V	
L9/CUG6LE.1P2M3G	6 burner range with electric oven	1200x900x850	36,7 + 5,48 3NAc400V	
L9/CUG6LE.6G	6 burner range with electric oven	1200x900x850	44,4 + 5,48 3NAc400V	
L9/CUG6FM.3P1M2G	6 burner range with gas oven	1200x900x850	44,4 + 5,48 511A04007	
L9/CUG6FM.1P2M3G	6 burner range with gas oven	1200x900x850	48,7	
L9/CUG6FM.6G	6 burner range with gas oven	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	56,4	
L9/CUG8FF.3P3M2G	kitchen with two gas ovens and 8 burners	1200x900x850	57.6	
L9/CUG8FF.3P3M2G L9/CUG8FF.2P2M4G		1600x900x850 1600x900x850	63.4	
	kitchen with two gas ovens and 8 burners			
L9/CUG8FF.8G	kitchen with two gas ovens and 8 burners	1600x900x850	75	
L9/CUG8FFE.3P3M2G	kitchen with two electric ovens and 8 burners	1600x900x850	41,8 + (6,0 3NAc400V x 2	
L9/CUG8FFE.2P2M4G	kitchen with two electric ovens and 8 burners	1600x900x850	47,6 + (6,0 3NAc400V x 2	
L9/CUG8FFE.8G	kitchen with two electric ovens and 8 burners	1600x900x850	59,2 + (6,0 3NAc400V x 2	

Tab. 10 Technical data

#### 6.4.2 Dimensions of appliances with pilot flame

Counter top ranges

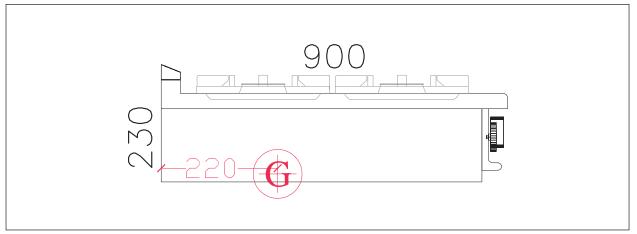
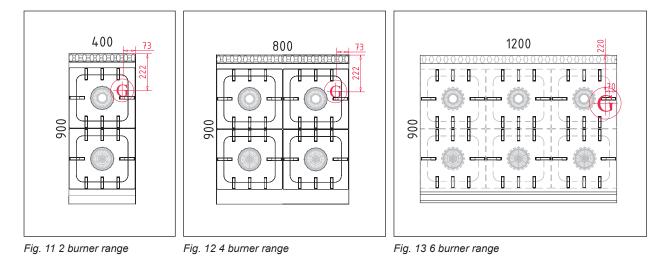


Fig. 10 Counter top range dimensions



Gas supply ø 3/4"

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Ranges with open cabinet unit

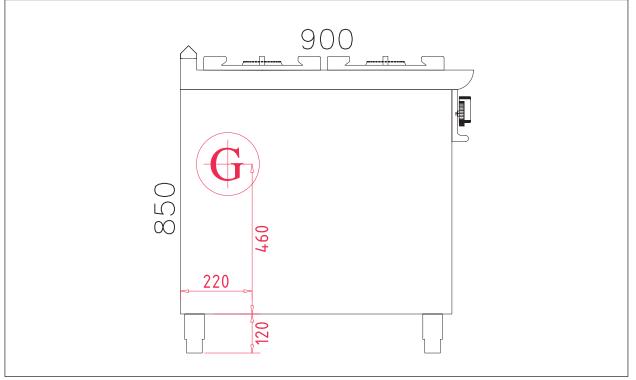
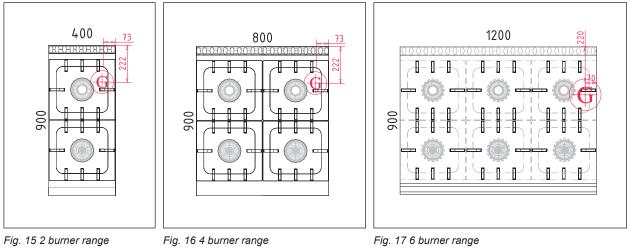


Fig. 14 Range with open cabinet unit dimensions



Gas supply ø 3/4"  $(\mathbf{G})$ 

Fig. 16 4 burner range

Fig. 17 6 burner range

#### Range with closed cabinet or oven

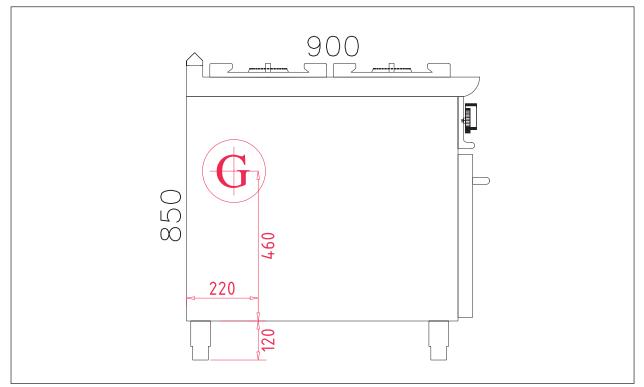


Fig. 18 Range with closed cabinet or oven dimensions

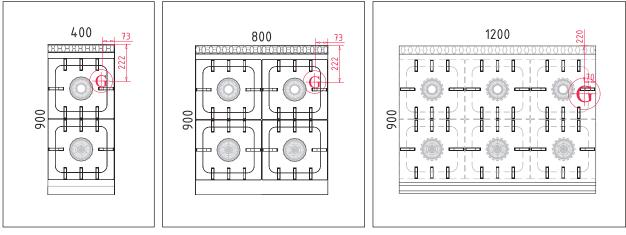


Fig. 19 2 burner range

Fig. 20 4 burner range

Fig. 21 6 burner range

Gas supply ø 3/4"

#### 6.4.3 Burner and nozzle specifications and adjustments depending on the type of gas used

All data relating to the power and consumption of the appliance, indicated in the following table, have been obtained using standardised gases (see *Tab. 15 Families of standardised gases*).

Description	Gas	Pressure (mBar)	Burner type 3.5 kW	Burner type 5.5 kW	Burner type 7,4 kW	Burner type 7.9 kW *
Reduced thermal capacity (kW)	-	-	0,75	1	1.6	-
	C20	20	20	20	20	24
Primary air	G20	25	20	20	20	24
adjustment H (mm) for methane gas	0.05	20	20	20	20	24
(see figure below)	G25	25	20	20	20	24
	G25,1	25	20	20	20	24
	G20	20	135	175	205	210
Main nozzle hole		25	130	165	190	195
diameter (1/100 mm)	G25	20	150	190	225	-
for methane gas		25	145	180	210	-
	G25,1	25	150	190	220	-
	G20	20	35	35	35	20
		25	35	35	35	20
Pilot nozzle marking for methane gas	G25	20	35	35	35	-
ior methane gas		25	35	35	35	-
	G25,1	25	35	35	35	-
Consumption of	G20	20 ÷ 25	0,370	0,582	0,783	0,834
methane gas (cu.	G25	20 ÷ 25	0,431	0,677	0,911	-
m/h)	G25,1	25	0,430	0,676	0,909	-

Tab. 11 Methane gas

(\*) Gas oven burner.

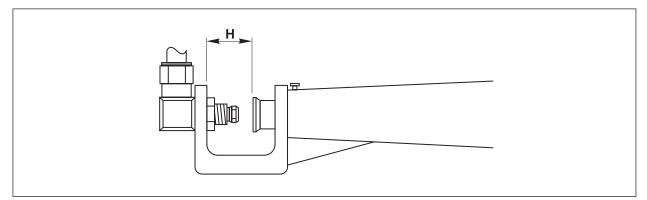


Fig. 22 Gas burner primary air adjustments

Description	Gas	Pressure (mBar)	Burner type 3.5 kW	Burner type 5.5 kW	Burner type 7,4 kW	Burner type 7.9 kW *
Reduced thermal capacity (kW)	-	-	0,75	1	1.6	-
	G30	28 ÷ 30	9	Open	Open	Open
Primary air		36	9	Open	Open	Open
adjustment H (mm)		50	9	Open	Open	Open
for liquid gas (see	G31	28 ÷ 30	9	Open	Open	Open
figure below)		36	9	Open	Open	Open
		50	9	Open	Open	Open
	G30	28 ÷ 30	95	120	135	145
Main nozzle hole		50	80	100	115	125
diameter (1/100 mm) for liquid gas	G31	37	95	120	135	145
		50	80	100	115	125
	G30	28 ÷ 30	20	20	20	20
Pilot nozzle marking for liquid gas		50	20	20	20	20
	G31	37	20	20	20	20
		50	20	20	20	20
Consumption of	G30	28 ÷ 50	0,276	0,434	0,584	0,791
liquid gas (kg/h)	G31	28 ÷ 50	0,272	0,427	0,575	0,788

Tab. 12 LPG gas

#### (\*) Gas oven burner.

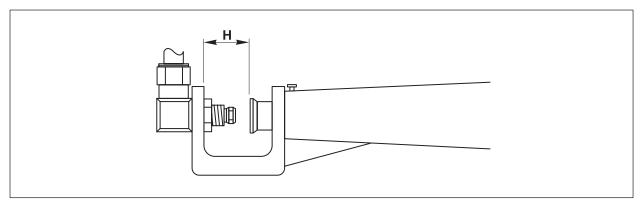


Fig. 23 Gas burner primary air adjustments

#### 6.4.4 Electric oven specifications

Value	Electric oven	
Voltage (V) / Operating frequency (Hz)	380 - 50	
Total absorbed power (kW)	6	
Power absorbed by lower heating element (kW)	3	
Power absorbed by upper heating element (kW)	3	

Tab. 13 Electric oven specifications

#### 6-5 Positioning and installation

The installation area must be equipped with all necessary power supply, ventilation, air intake and extraction connections, it must be properly illuminated and must comply with all health and safety requirements, in compliance with applicable laws, in order to avoid food contamination.

Ensure that the floor or support surface is flat and solid so that the base of the appliance is level and stable.



The Manufacturer shall not be held responsible for any damage to people or objects caused by installation errors or by an inappropriate use of the appliance. Any fault caused by wrong installation shall automatically void the warranty.

The system and installation of the appliance must comply with existing UNI-CIG 8723 regulations and Italian Ministerial Decree dated 12 April 1996.

Appliance installation and maintenance **must be carried out by qualified and authorized personnel**, who must comply with the safety regulations applicable in the country where the appliance is to be installed.

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#### 6.5.1 Positioning of the appliance



The appliance must be installed at least 200 mm from flammable walls. This distance may be lower when the walls are fireproof or protected by heat insulating material. The appliance is not suitable for built-in systems.

## 

Ensure that, once installed, the appliance can easily be reached by technical service personnel in the event of any fault occurring.

- Remove the appliance from its packaging and position it where it is to be used;
- Adjust the feet so that the appliance is level;
- Remove the transparent adhesive protective film from the surfaces, detaching it slowly to avoid leaving glue residues on the appliance.
- Connect the appliance to the gas distribution network (chap. Gas Connection on page 48).
- Connect the appliance to the premises electric network (chap. Mains Electricity Connection on page 49).

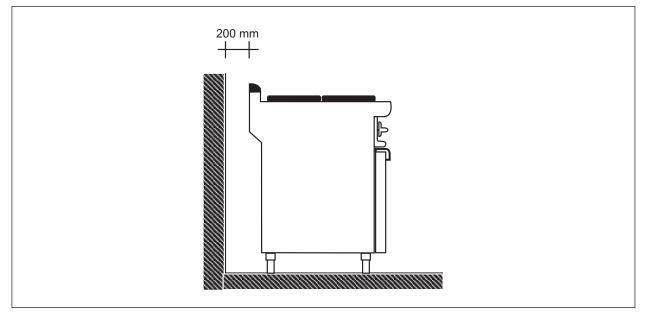


Fig. 24 Minimum distance from flammable walls

#### 6.5.2 Ventilation of the installation premises and fume extraction

The premises where the appliance is installed must have air intakes to ensure the correct functioning of the appliance and proper air exchange.

Air intakes must be of a suitable size, must be protected by grilles and must be placed in such a way that they cannot be obstructed.



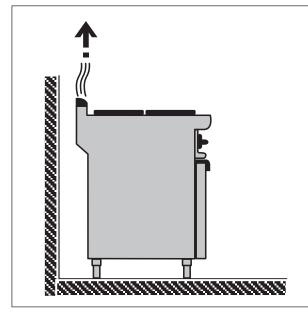
Fig. 25 Ventilation of the installation premises

In compliance with applicable legislation on installation, the appliance can be defined as **Type A**: an appliance not intended for connection to a chimney/flue or to a device for the extraction of combustion products to the outside of the premises where the appliance is installed. The extraction of comburent air and combustion products is carried out in the installation premises.

To guarantee the complete extraction of steam produced during cooking and gases produced during the combustion process, the appliance must be installed in well-ventilated premises (possibly under a mechanical extraction hood), in compliance with applicable regulations.

If a mechanical extraction hood is installed, it is necessary to follow the regulations for the installation below.:

- Gas supply to the appliance must be interrupted if the power of the forced extraction system falls under the established safety value; the gas supply must only be restored manually.
- The final part of the appliance extraction duct must be about **1.8 m** from the appliance support surface; the outlet of the combustion product extraction duct must be placed within the basic perimeter of the hood (see *Fig. 27 Fume extraction through extraction hood*).
- The power of the mechanical extraction system must not be lower than required.



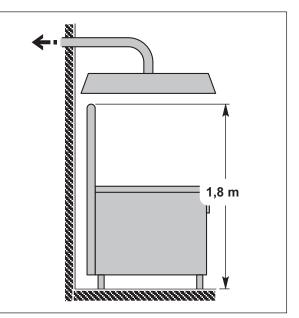


Fig. 26 Fume extraction

Fig. 27 Fume extraction through extraction hood

#### 6-6 Gas Connection

Before connecting the appliance, make sure that the data on the identification plate corresponds to that of the gas supply network. If the gas indicated on the plate is not the same available in the premises, follow the instructions in chap. *Adjustment for operation with different gases* on page *53*.

- Connection to the gas supply network must always be carried out using rigid or flexible metal piping with proportionate cross-section, inserting a sealing gasket suitable for gas use.
- Connections between the 3/4"G piping from the appliance and the gas pipes should preferably be carried out using a three-piece metal joint, in order to facilitate connection and dismantling if necessary.
- Seal the joint threads using TFE tape (tetrafluoroethylene) or other materials declared by their manufacturers as being suitable for LPG too.
- Always insert a cut-off tap between the appliance and the gas supply pipes, in a position that makes it easy to handle and turn off after use.
- During connection between the gas piping and the appliance, make sure you do not cause any kind of stress to the appliance itself.
- Gaskets must be metallic or of other elastic materials that cannot be altered by the gas distributed.
- Copper piping junctions must be realized using mechanical couplings without gaskets or putty.
- After connection to the gas supply, check the absence of any leaks in the joints and connections using water and soap or a suitable leak detection product.

#### 6.6.1 Characteristics and requirements of the gas supply network

The appliance is started at the nominal capacity of the gas used with the nozzles indicated in par. Burner and nozzle specifications and adjustments depending on the type of gas used on page 41.

Depending on the gas used, the supply pressure must fall within the following values; **do not connect the appliance if the pressure values are different**.

GAS	Nominal pressure (mbar)	Minimum pressure (mbar)	Maximum pressure (mbar)
G20 (methane)	20	17	25
G30 (LPG)	30	28	50
G31 (LPG)	37	28	50

Tab. 14 Intended supply pressures

The appliance is delivered for use with the type of gas requested by the client at the time of placing the order; check the category of the country in which it is to be installed on *Tab. 16 Gas category and pressure*. If the gas indicated on the plate is not the same available in the premises, follow the instructions in chap. *Adjustment for operation with different gases* on page 53.

#### 6-7 Mains Electricity Connection

## 

All electrical operations necessary to install the appliance and the supply cable must be carried out by qualified electricians or technicians in compliance with applicable regulations.

- The appliance is designed to operate at the voltage indicated on the identification plate; before connection of the appliance to power mains, check that the voltage of the mains supply in the premises complies with the data indicated on the identification plate.
- The supply cable can only be installed by the Manufacturer or by a qualified operator.
- The supply cable must be made of rubber, with a quality level equal to at least H07RN-F and with conductors with a cross-section suitable for the maximum load to be carried.
- The supply cable must not be exposed to direct sources of heat; once installation and connection are complete, the supply cable should be placed in such a way that no part of it reaches a temperature that is 50°C higher than room temperature.
- The electrical safety of this appliance is guaranteed only when it is correctly connected to an efficient earthing system; it is necessary to check this essential safety requirement and if in doubt, ask qualified personnel to carry out a thorough check of the system.

### 

Connect the appliance to an efficient earthing system! The Manufacturer cannot be held responsible for any damage caused if the system is not earthed.

- An efficient omnipolar circuit breaker with a contact opening of at least 3 mm must be installed in the electrical supply system, fitted upstream of the appliance; automatic circuit-breaker switches can be used for this purpose.
- The omnipolar circuit breaker should be close to the appliance and easily accessible once installation is complete.
- The yellow-green earth cable must not be interrupted by the switch.

#### 

It is advisable to insert an integrated circuit-breaker switch with fuses.

#### 6.7.1 Connection of the power supply cable

Connect the power supply cable (supplied) in compliance with applicable regulations; the power supply cable must be blocked using a cable clamp mounted on the appliance in order to prevent the risk of breakage.



The earth cable must be longer (about 2 cm more) than the other conductor cables. In the event of strong traction of the cable or breakage of the cable clamp, the earth cable must be disconnected after the other conductors.

#### 6-8 Inspection and start-up

#### MPORTANT

Before start-up, the system should be tested in order to assess the operating conditions of each component and detect any possible failures. At this stage it is important to check that all safety and hygiene conditions are strictly complied with.

#### 6.8.1 Checking the gas system

Carry out the following checks:

- check that the gas supplied through the network corresponds to the gas needed for the start-up of the appliance and make any necessary modifications (see chap. *Adjustment for operation with different gases* on page 53) must never be exceeded.
- turn on the gas supply tap and check the seal of the connections; to do this, brush soapy water over all the joints. Any leaks will be highlighted by foam bubbles;

## 

Never use naked flames to check for leaks.

- check you have removed all the plastic protective film from the panels, taking care not to leave traces of glue on the steel surface; if necessary, remove the glue using suitable solvents;
- check correct ignition and combustion of every burner;
- check the correct functioning of the pilot flames and that the nozzles are correct;
- check the proper functioning of the safety thermocouple.

#### 6.8.2 Checking the supply pressure

The connection pressure is measured when the appliance is running using a pressure gauge as follows:

- Remove the front panel after removing all the knobs;
- Remove the screw and sealing ring from the manometric pressure socket;
- Connect the pressure gauge and check the pressure. If the pressure falls within the nominal values indicated (see par. *Characteristics and requirements of the gas supply network* on page 48) the appliance can be used; otherwise contact the gas supply company;
- After checking the pressure, remove the pressure gauge and refit the screw and corresponding sealing ring. Using red paint, seal the pressure control screw, then refit the front panel and knobs.

#### 

The Manufacturer shall not be held responsible for any damage to people or objects caused by installation errors.

#### 6.8.3 Checking the extraction of combustion products

Carry out the following checks:

- check that the exhaust gases come out correctly from the special ducts;
- check that nothing obstructs air intake or heat extraction openings;
- check that any combustion product extraction system (extraction hoods or other) permits extraction of at least 1 cubic meter of fumes per kW of power absorbed by the connected appliances.

#### 6.8.4 Checking ventilation of the installation premises

Carry out the following checks:

- check that the area where the appliance is installed is well-ventilated during operation, with air flow for gas combustion as well as for air exchange (ventilation);
- air intake openings must be placed in the lower part of the external walls, preferably opposite the wall where the extraction of combustion gases is situated;
- air intake openings must be built in such a way that they cannot be obstructed.

#### 6.8.5 Checking the electrical system

Press the electronic ignition switch to check its correct functioning.

Turn the appliance on according to the instructions for use, check the correct functioning of the heating element control devices, testing the various combinations.

The electric oven has a safety thermostat that interrupts power supply to the heating elements in case of malfunctioning.

#### 6.8.6 Instructions for users

After testing, if necessary, train users so that they acquire all the necessary skills to start-up the appliance in safe conditions, as provided for by applicable regulations.

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While explaining, always refer to this Use and Maintenance Manual.

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#### 6-9 Adjustments

#### 6.9.1 Primary air adjustment (gas oven)

Primary air must be adjusted as explained in par. *Burner and nozzle specifications and adjustments depending on the type of gas used* on page 41. Primary air is adjusted correctly if flame stability is guaranteed. In other words, there is no flame gap when the burner is cold and there is no blow-back (ignition of the gas at the nozzle) when the burner is hot.

#### 6.9.2 Pilot flame adjustment

Adjust and check that the flame wraps around the thermocouple and that its appearance is correct.

For further explanation, we provide a brief description of the characteristics and behaviour of the gas on the basis of the gas-air ratio. Below we illustrate the characteristics of a flame, when air adjustment in the burner is excessive, lacking or correct.

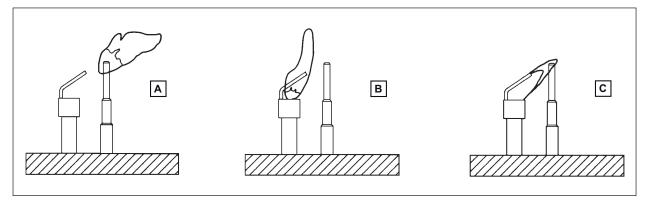


Fig. 28 Pilot flame adjustment

- A. **Too much air in flame Light blue flame**. The flame tends to separate (blowing) or to return (blowback) with possible ignition at the nozzle. Usually, with methane and liquefied gases, flames tend to blow.
- B. **Too little air in flame Flame with yellow peak**. Production of harmful carbon monoxide with a subsequent depositing of black soot on the bottom of pans. Very poor burner performance.
- C. **Correct flame Blue or dark blue flame**. Maximum burner performance; if this does not occur, check that the nozzles fitted are the correct ones for this purpose, see par. *Burner and nozzle specifications and adjustments depending on the type of gas used* on page *41*.

# 

Carbon monoxide is an odourless, colourless and toxic gas and is lethal even at very low concentrations.

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#### 6-10 Adjustment for operation with different gases

Conversion to another type of gas must be carried out by authorized and qualified fitters.

For example, to switch from natural gases to liquid gases, the nozzles of pilot and main burners must be replaced. The correct nozzles are indicated in par. *Burner and nozzle specifications and adjustments depending on the type of gas used* on page *41*.

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All the nozzles necessary for adjustment are supplied in a bag with the appliance; the main burner injectors are marked in hundredths of mm, whereas the pilot ones are marked with their reference number.

#### 

Each time the appliance is adjusted to operate with a different type of gas or at a different pressure value, the indications of the new adjustment must replace the previous ones (apply the gas setting plate).

#### 6.10.1 Replacing the main burner nozzles

To carry out this operation proceed as follows:

- Turn off the gas supply tap;
- Access the burner;
- Unscrew the nozzle (D) from its support and replace it with the nozzle suitable for the type of gas used (see par. *Burner and nozzle specifications and adjustments depending on the type of gas used* on page 41) must never be exceeded.
- Adjust the primary air operating on the adjustment bushing (C) (for primary air distance "H" see par. *Burner and nozzle specifications and adjustments depending on the type of gas used* on page 41) must never be exceeded.
- Refit all the parts removed so that the appliance can be used.

### IMPORTANT

No minimum capacity adjustment is required, since the functioning of the thermostat is of the "ON-OFF" type.

- A. Main burner
- B. Fixing screw for air adjustment
- C. Air adjustment bushing
- D. Main burner nozzle
- E. Gas ramp
- F. Nut

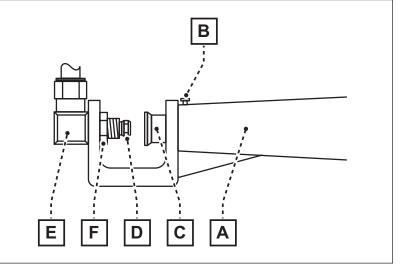


Fig. 29 Burner main parts

#### 6.10.2 Adjusting the pilot nozzle

- Turn off the gas supply tap;
- Access the burner;
- Unscrew the screw cap (A);
- Remove the nozzle (B) and replace it with the nozzle suitable for the type of gas used (see par. *Burner and nozzle specifications and adjustments depending on the type of gas used* on page 41) must never be exceeded.
- When using liquid gas (LPG), primary air adjustment should be wide open; on the contrary, when using natural gas (methane), the ring nut (D) should be turned to reduce the hole section until a stable flame is obtained;
- Refit all the parts removed so that the appliance can be used.
- A. Screw cap
- B. Nozzle
- C. Burner body
- D. Air adjustment ring nut
- E. Burner upper section
- F. Nut
- G.Bicone

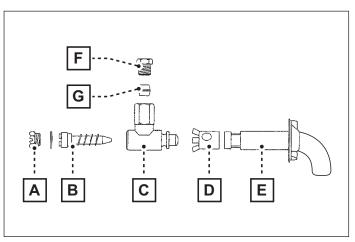


Fig. 30 Pilot nozzle main parts

#### 6-11 Maintenance to be carried out by a fitter or qualified technician

The following maintenance operations must be carried out at least once a year:

- Check the pressure and sealing of the system;
- Check safety thermocouple efficiency;
- Check the efficiency of the fume extraction system (if any);
- Check safety thermostat efficiency;
- Check combustion;
- Check the minimum adjustment screw to ensure it is sealed; sealing must be intact.

Before carrying out any repair or maintenance operation on the appliance, turn off the gas supply tap.

#### 6.11.1 Burner cleaning

Clean the burners as follows:

- Remove the burner body and crown;
- Brush to remove any scaling or fat deposits, checking that all the gas holes in the crown are free;
- Once cleaned, refit the pieces in reverse order;
- Check the combustion gas extraction duct and the anti-draught device (if present).

#### 6.11.2 Spark ignition plug replacement (gas oven)

To carry out this operation proceed as follows.

- Turn off the gas supply tap;
- Access the burner;
- Unscrew the two screws (E);
- Remove the spark ignition plug (D), disconnect the cable and refit the new spark ignition plug;
- Refit all the parts removed so that the appliance can be used.
- A. Pilot
- B. Support
- C. Thermocouple
- D. Spark ignition plug
- E. Fixing screw

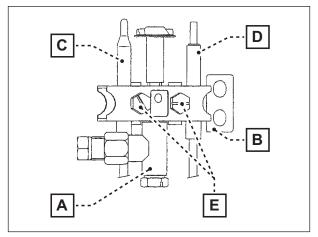


Fig. 31 Spark ignition plug parts

#### 6.11.3 Thermocouple replacement

- Turn off the gas supply tap;
- Access the burner;
- Unscrew the two screws (E);
- Remove the thermocouple (C) from the support and disconnect it from the safety thermostat circuit;
- Install the new thermocouple, repeating the above sequence in reverse order;
- Refit all the parts removed so that the appliance can be used.

#### 6.11.4 Safety thermostat replacement (gas oven)

To carry out this operation proceed as follows:

- Turn off the gas supply tap;
- Remove the hob top;
- Remove all the knobs and the small front panel;
- Unscrew all connectors (A) from the thermostat;
- Remove the thermal probe (B) inside the oven;
- Remove the thermostat by disconnecting if from connector (C) and replace it;
- Refit all the parts removed so that the appliance can be used.
- If it is necessary to adjust the minimum setting on the new thermostat proceed as follows:
- Turn the thermostat adjustment knob to pos. 1;
- Wait for the flame to go out;
- Adjust the screw of the minimum (D) by turning it anti-clockwise until the flame comes on again, increasing the intensity if necessary.

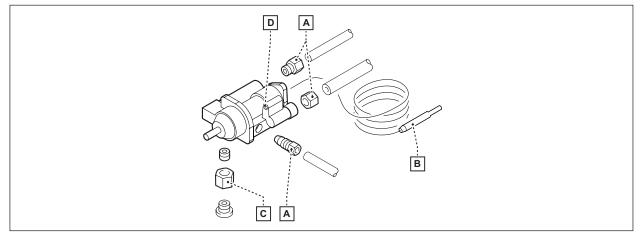


Fig. 32 Safety thermostat main parts

#### 6.11.5 Replacing the gas valve

- Turn off the gas supply tap;
- Pull off the knobs;
- Unscrew the fixing screws and remove the panel;
- Remove the hob top;
- Unscrew the coupling nuts from the gas ducts and install a new valve.
- Refit all the parts removed so that the appliance can be used.

#### 6.11.6 Resetting the safety thermostat

The safety thermostat operates in the event of overheating.

- To restore it, proceed as follows.
- Turn off the gas supply tap;
- Pull off the knobs;
- Insert a cylindrical object (e.g. a pen) into the hole on the front panel;
- Press hard on the reset switch on the back of the safety thermostat;
- Refit the knobs.

#### 6.11.7 Replacing the electric oven heating elements

To carry out this operation proceed as follows.

- Disconnect the power supply;
- Disconnect the wiring of the heating element to be replaced (upper or lower);

If the resistance to be replaced is the **lower** one:

- Lift the plate;
- Undo the support clamp of the heating element;
- Replace the heating element;
- If the resistance to be replaced is the **upper** one:
  - Undo the support clamp of the heating element;
  - Replace the heating element;
- Reconnect the wiring, refit the side panel and re-connect the electrical supply.

#### 6.11.8 Oven pilot nozzle replacement

- Turn off the gas supply tap;
- Open the oven door;
- Unscrew the fixing screws and remove the lower panel;
- Unscrew the coupling nuts from the gas ducts and install the new pilot;
- Reconnect the wiring and refit the panel.

## 7 TABLES AND ANNEXES

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#### Tables and annexes

7

Family	Gas type	Gas symbol	Inferior calorific value (Hi) Kcal/cu. m	Inferior calorific value (Hi) MJ/ cu. m	Inferior calorific value (Hi) kW/ cu. m	Calibration and testing pressure mbar	Calibration and testing pressure mmWC
2nd family	Natural gas (group H)	G 20 (methane gas)	8.570	35,9	9,97	18	180
		G 30 (butane)	29.330 (Kcal/m3)	122,7 (MJ/m3)	34,1(kW/m3)	30	300
3rd	Liquefied		11.000 (Kcal/kg)	45,6(MJ/kg)	12,67(kW/kg)	50	
family	gases (LPG) G 31	22.190 (Kcal/m3)	92,91 (MJ/m3)	25,8 (kW/m3)	37	270	
		(propane)	11.000 (Kcal/kg)	46,4(MJ/kg)	12,88(kW/kg)	57	370

Tab. 15 Families of standardised gases

Country	Appliance category	Gas	Nominal pressure (mbai
AUSTRIA	II2H3B/P	G20	20
		G30 / G31 G20 / G25	50 20/25
BELGIUM	II2E+3+	G30 / G31	28 - 30/37
	I3B/P	G30 / G31	30
CYPRUS	3+	G30 / G31	28 - 30/37
		G20	20
CZECH REPUBLIC	II2H3B/P	G30 / G31	30
DENMARK	II2H3B/P	G20	20
DEINIVIARK	II2H3B/F	G30 / G31	30
ESTONIA	II2H3+	G20	20
201011		G30 / G31	28 - 30/37
ESTONIA	II2H3B/P	G20	20
		G30 / G31	30
FINLAND	II2H3B/P	G20 G30 / G31	20
		G20 / G25	20/25
FRANCE	II2H3+	G30 / G31	28 - 30/37
		G20	20
GERMANY	II2ELL3B/P	G25	20
	·	G30 / G31	50
	II2H3+	G20	20
GREAT BRITAIN	II2H3+	G30 / G31	28 - 30/37
GREECE	II2H3+	G20	20
UNELOL	1121101	G30 / G31	28 - 30/37
		G20	25
HUNGARY	II2H53B/P	G30 / G31	30
		G25.1	25
ICELAND	I3B/P	G30 / G31	30
IRELAND	II2H3+	G20 G30 / G31	20 28 - 30/37
		G20	20-30/37
ITALY	II2H3+	G30 / G31	28 - 30/37
		G20	20
LATVIA	II2H3+	G30 / G31	28 - 30/37
LATVIA	II2H3B/P	G20	20
LATVIA	II2H3B/P	G30 / G31	30
LITHUANIA	II2H3B/P	G20	20
		G30 / G31	30
LITHUANIA	II2H3+	G20	20
		G30 / G31	28 - 30/37
	I2E	G20 G30 / G31	20
MALTA	I3B/P	G307G31 G25	25
NETHERLANDS	II2L3B/P	G30 / G31	30
		G20	20
NORWAY	II2H3B/P	G30 / G31	30
POLAND	I2E	G20	20
PORTUGAL	II2H3+	G20	20
TONTOGAL		G30 / G31	28 - 30/37
SLOVAKIA	II2H3B/P	G20	20
		G30 / G31	30
SLOVENIA	II2H3B/P	G20	20
		G30 / G31	30
SPAIN	II2H3+	G20 G30 / G31	20
		G20	<u>28 - 30/37</u> 20
SWEDEN	II2H3B/P	G20 G30 / G31	30
		G20	20
SWITZERLAND	II2H3B/P	G30 / G31	50
0.1.477555		G20	20
SWITZERLAND	II2H3+	G30 / G31	28 - 30/37
		G20	20
TURKEY	II2H3B/P	G30 / G31	30

Tab. 16 Gas category and pressure